

EJERCICIOS EN CLASE

Derivar cada una de las siguientes funciones:

$$1. \quad y = 6x^2 - 2x + 1$$

$$2. \quad y = \sqrt{3}x^\pi - ex^e + e^x + x^{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$3. \quad z = \sqrt{x} - 2\sqrt[3]{x^5} + \frac{1}{2}\sqrt[4]{x^2 + 1} - \frac{4}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{10}{x} - x$$

$$4. \quad y = \sqrt{x + \sqrt{x + \sqrt{x}}}$$

$$5. \quad y = \sqrt{(1-x)^2 + \sqrt{x-1}}$$

$$6. \quad y = \sqrt{x + \sqrt{\frac{1}{x}}}$$

$$7. \quad t = \log_3 x - \log_4(x-5) + \log_3(x^{10} - 3x)$$

$$8. \quad w = \ln(x) + \ln(x^2 - x) - \ln\left(x - \frac{1}{x}\right)$$

$$9. \quad y = \ln(xe^x) - \ln\left(\frac{x}{e^x}\right) + \ln(x)^5$$

$$10. \quad z = \ln^9(x) - \ln(x^9) + \ln(x + e^x)$$

$$11. \quad y = \ln\sqrt{\frac{1+x^2}{x^2-1}}$$

$$12. \quad z = \sqrt{x^2 + 3x + 2} - \operatorname{sen}(x^2 - 3x)$$

$$13. \quad z = (u^3 + 1)^5(u^3 - 2)^8$$

$$14. \quad y = \sqrt{x}e^x + e^{x+3x}$$

$$15. \quad y = e^{x+1}\ln(x^2 + 1)$$

$$16. \quad t = e^{x^3+1}\operatorname{sen}(\ln(x))$$

$$17. \quad t = (x + 10)\operatorname{Arcsen}(x - 3)$$

$$18. \quad y = (x^2 - 7)\ln(\ln(x^2 - 7))$$

$$19. \quad z = (3t)\cos^4(3t^2) - t\operatorname{sen}^9(6t)$$

$$20. \quad y = 100w(w^2 - 3)(\operatorname{Arccos}(w - 10))$$

$$21. \quad y = \cos(5x) + \cos^2(5x) - \cos((5x)^2)$$

$$22. \quad y = \cos(x)\operatorname{Arc tan}(x) - \sec(x + 2) + [\csc(10x)]^4$$

$$23. \quad w = 9\frac{x^2+2}{x^3+1}$$

$$24. \quad y = \left[\frac{x^3+3x^2+x}{x^2-1}\right]^{10}$$

$$25. \quad z = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3x^2+x}}$$

$$26. \quad y = \sqrt{\frac{x+1}{x^2-1}}$$

$$27. \quad y = \left(\frac{\operatorname{sen}(t)}{\cos(2t)}\right)^3$$

$$28. \quad z = \frac{1}{4}\ln\left(\frac{x^2}{x^2-4}\right) - \frac{1}{x^2-4}$$

$$29. \quad w = \frac{ts\operatorname{sen}^3(\pi t)}{1+t}$$

$$30. \quad z = \frac{(3t^2-6)^4}{(2-2t^2)^5}$$

$$31. \quad y = \left(\frac{x^2-4}{x-4}\right)^{1/2}$$

$$32. \quad y = \frac{\sqrt{w+1}+3}{(w^2+1)^5}$$

$$33. \quad y = x^x$$

$$34. \quad y = r^x; \quad r: \text{constante}$$

$$35. \quad y = (\sqrt{x})^{\cos(x-3)}$$

$$36. \quad z = (\ln(x+1))^{\operatorname{Arctan}(x)}$$

$$37. \quad w = (x^2 + 10x)^{\csc(x)}$$

$$38. \quad y = (\sec(x-2))^{\tan(x^2)}$$

$$39. \quad y = (\sqrt{\cot(x+2)})^{x^5}$$

$$40. \quad y = (xe^x)^{\sqrt[3]{x+1}}$$